

# Procedure for FVROs

Application heard in the absence of the respondent

**APPLICATION FILED WITH COURT**  
Applicant chooses to have the application heard without the respondent being in court.

Court sets a date for the  
**FIRST HEARING WITHOUT THE RESPONDENT.**

**INITIAL DECISION**

**APPLICATION DISMISSED**

**CASE ADJOURNED**  
without an order being made.

Applicant can reapply if new family violence incident.

**TEMPORARY ('INTERIM') FVRO GRANTED**  
Registrar prepares the interim order and it is served on the respondent.

**RESPONDENT SERVED, CAN OBJECT TO ORDER**  
The respondent has 21 days to object to the interim order before it becomes a final order. To object, the respondent must fill in the objection notice and return it to the court.

Respondent tells the court they do not object to the order.

Respondent does not lodge objection within 21 days.

**OBJECTION LODGED**  
Interim order continues to be in force.

**NO OBJECTION LODGED**

The respondent can try to have the final order set aside if there is a good reason why they were unable to send an objection notice to the court.  
Time limits apply.

**FINAL FVRO MADE**  
Interim order automatically becomes a final FVRO.